

# Column Class

## window.almworks.structure.api.Column

A subclass of Column class represents column objects of a specific type.Columns need to be subclassed for a particular column type implementation. You can override methods while subclassing to modify the default behavior.

### Example

```
var api = window.almworks.structure.api;
var MyColumn = api.subClass('MyColumn', api.Column, {
  init: function() {
    ...
  },
  getCellViewHtml: function() {
    return '<div> ... </div>';
  }
});
```

## Properties

### context

Contains context information about where the column is used. See [The Column Context](#) for more information.

### spec

Contains column specification object. Specification object is serialized as a part of the overall view specification and stored on the server and in the browser's local storage. See [Column Specifications](#) for more information.

## Methods

### init(options)

Initializer method.

### getCellValueHtml(renderingParameters)

Returns HTML that is displayed in the grid cell for a specific issue. The HTML should contain the value provided by this column. Structure will also wrap the value in decorative elements – this could be overridden by providing `getCellViewHtml()` method.

#### Parameters

<code>renderingParameters.getAttributeValue()</code>	returns current row's attribute value
<code>renderingParameters.getRowId()</code>	returns current row's id
<code>renderingParameters.getItemId()</code>	return current row's item id

### Example

```
var Template = require('almworks/util/Template');
var cellTemplate = new Template('<span class="acme-field">{awesomefield}</span>');
getCellValueHtml: function(rp) {
  return cellTemplate.renderHtml({ awesomefield: rp.getAttributeFieldValue({id: 'com.acme.awesome-data',
format: 'text'}) });
}
```

### getCellViewHtml(renderingParameters)

Returns customized HTML that is displayed in the grid cell for a specific issue. By default, calls `getCellValueHtml()` and wraps the retrieved value into the default Structure style. Can be overridden to allow higher degree of control over the cell appearance.

#### Parameters

renderingParameters.getAttributeValue()	returns current row's attribute value
renderingParameters.getRowId()	returns current row's id
renderingParameters.getItemId()	return current row's item id

## collectRequiredAttributes(attributeSet)

Lets column request attributes that are needed for rendering. The attributes are provided on the server side by [AttributeLoaderProvider](#).

### Parameters

attributeSet.requireAttribute(attributeSpec, forestSpec)	<p>Method for collecting required attributes.</p> <p>Parameters are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>attributeSpec</code> is the attribute specification object</li> <li>• <code>forestSpec</code> is the forest specification for the forest, from which attribute should be loaded (<b>optional</b>)</li> </ul>
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### About Attribute Specs

AttributeSpec defines the attribute and format to be loaded. See [Loading Attribute Values](#) for more information on attributes.

Some of the attributes are shown below. You can also define your own attribute, calculate it on the server side and request from your column.

### About Forest Spec

Forest specification is optional. When used, it allows you to get attribute value from a different forest – however, it must be related to the forest being displayed, otherwise it will not have the same rows.

For example, you can specify a forest specification with some transformation to display values from there in the untransformed forest. There are also two special values for `forestSpec`:

- `'displayed'` is the default value, meaning "use the forest that is being displayed"
- `'unfiltered'` means "use the same forest, but remove all filters that are coming at the end of transformation chain"

### Example

```
collectRequiredAttributes: function(attributeSet) {
  attributeSet.requireAttribute({id: 'key', format: 'text'});
  attributeSet.requireAttribute({
    id: 'sum',
    format: 'number',
    params: {
      id: 'customfield',
      format: 'number',
      params: {
        fieldId: 10010
      }
    }
  }, 'unfiltered');
  attributeSet.requireAttribute({id: 'com.mycompany.work-stats', format: 'json'});
}
```

Some of the attributes provided by Structure:

Attribute Spec	Example	Description
{id: <jira-field-id>, format: 'html'}		<p>The HTML representation of a JIRA issue field value, as seen on the issue page or in the Issue Navigator. Structure allows non-issue items also have these values.</p> <p>&lt;jira-field-id&gt; is the common name for the JIRA's standard field id.</p> <p>This attribute does not load custom fields.</p>
{id: 'customfield', format: 'html', params: { fieldId: <field-numeric-id> }}		HTML representation of a custom field value.

<code>{id: 'project', format: 'id'}</code>		Project ID for the issues. The <code>id</code> format means either a string or a number, depending on what is being used for identifying the object.
<code>{id: 'editable', format: 'boolean'}</code>		Boolean value telling whether the item can be edited by the user.



See also [CoreAttributeSpecs](#) for examples of bundled attributes.

### **getDefaultName()**

Must return default column name, assigned when user adds column of specified type to the structure view. Returns empty string by default.

#### **Example**

```
getDefaultName: function() { return 'My Column'; }
```

### **isResizable()**

Returns whether the column is resizable or not. Returns `true` by default.

#### **Example**

```
isResizable: function() { return false; }
```

### **canShrinkWhenNoSpace()**

Returns whether column can shrink beyond minimum size if there's not enough space on the screen. Returns `false` by default.

#### **Example**

```
canShrinkWhenNoSpace: function() { return true; }
```

### **isAutoSizeAllowed()**

Returns if the column should be auto-resized to fit its contents. Returns `false` by default.

#### **Example**

```
isAutoSizeAllowed: function() { return true; }
```

### **getMinWidth()**

Returns minimum width of the column in pixels. Returns 27 by default.

#### **Example**

```
getMinWidth: function() { return 100; }
```

### **getDefaultWidth()**

Returns default width of the column in pixels. Returns 120 by default.

#### **Example**

```
getDefaultWidth: function() { return 100; }
```

## **getHeaderCellHtml()**

Returns HTML that will be used in the grid header. By default returns cell with column name in default Structure style.

### **Example**

```
getHeaderCellHtml: function() { return '<div>' + this.name + '</div>'; }
```

## **getMetadataRequests()**

Returns a JavaScript object specifying the metadata needed by this column to render the values. See [Requesting and Using Metadata](#) for more information. By default returns `null`, which means that no metadata is needed.

### **Example**

```
getMetadataRequests: function() {  
  return {  
    status: {  
      url: baseUrl + '/rest/api/2/status',  
      cacheable: true  
    }  
  };  
}
```

## **getSortAttribute()**

Returns attribute specification for sorting when the user clicks on the header. If `null` is returned (the default), the clicking this column header does not result in added sorting transformation.

## **isSortDescendingByDefault()**

If returns `true` the initial direction of the sorting will be descending.