

Columns as Variables

When using a [formula](#), you can assign a variable to reference another column in the structure, including another formula column.

To assign a variable to another column, look for the **Used in Columns** section of the attribute selection drop-down.

Original EstimateTime SpentRemaining EstimateEpic Under/Over TimeEpic Time Warning

NameEpic Time Warning

TypeFormula

FormulaIf (**epicstime** < 0; "WARNING!")

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Options

epicstime

Select attribute...

Used in Columns

Epic Under/Over Time (Formula)

Original Estimate

Remaining Estimate

FormatEpic Under/Over Time (Formula)

Remove column

Copied, Not Linked

The **Used in Column** attribute copies the existing column. It does not link to that column. This means:

- You can remove the original column without affecting your new formula. The calculations will continue to work just as they did at the moment you first configured the variable.
- If you update the original column and want that update reflected in your new column, you need to reassign the variable.

Simple Structure

Simple Structure

Key	Summary	Original Estimate	Time Spent	Remaining Estimate	Epic Under/Over Time	Epic Time Warning
STMB-40	Epic 1	5w			1w 3d 7h	
STMB-31	Story 1		2d	3d 4h		
STMB-32	Story 2	1w		1w		
STMB-42	Story 3		5h	1w		
STMB-41	Epic 2	5w		4w	-3d 4h	WARNING!
STMB-37	Story 4	2w	1w 2d	3d		
STMB-39	Story 6	2w	3w 1d	2d 4h		

Once we've created this new formula, we could delete our original Epic Under/Over Time column (if we wanted to). The Epic Time Warning column will still give us a warning whenever we've spent too much time on a particular epic, because the new column (Epic Time Warning) continues to do all the calculations the original column did, even though the original column no longer exists!